
Modelling Land Use Change in Brazil : 2000-2050

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REDD pac

REDD+ Policy Assessment Center

www.red-pac.org.br

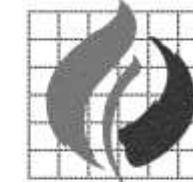
Partner
Institutions:



International Institute for
Applied Systems Analysis
www.iiasa.ac.at



UNEP



WCMC



Duration: November 2011 – March 2016

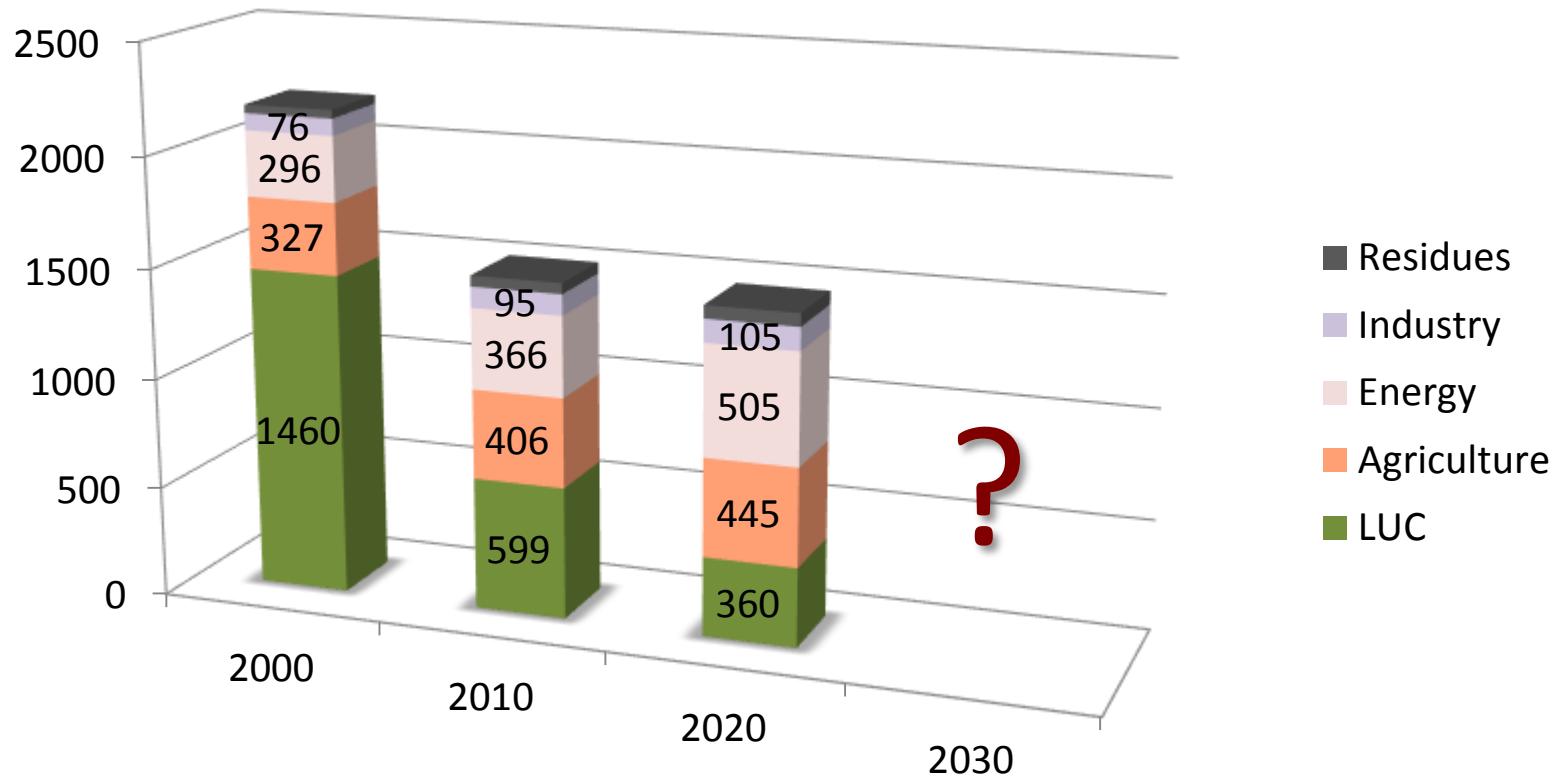
Funding: German Ministry for the Environment (BMU)
International Climate Initiative (ICI)



Federal Ministry for the
Environment, Nature Conservation
and Nuclear Safety

ICI

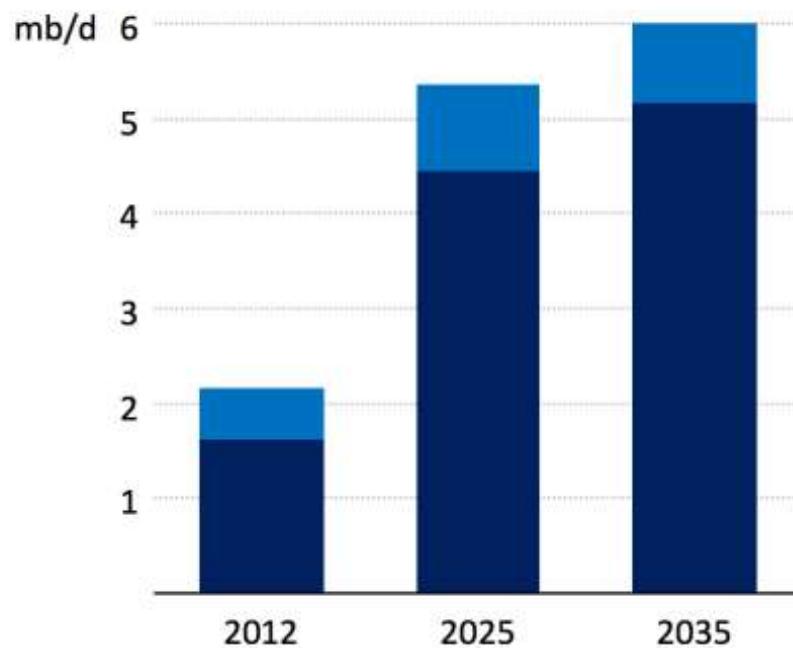
What are the likely trajectories on Brazilian emissions?



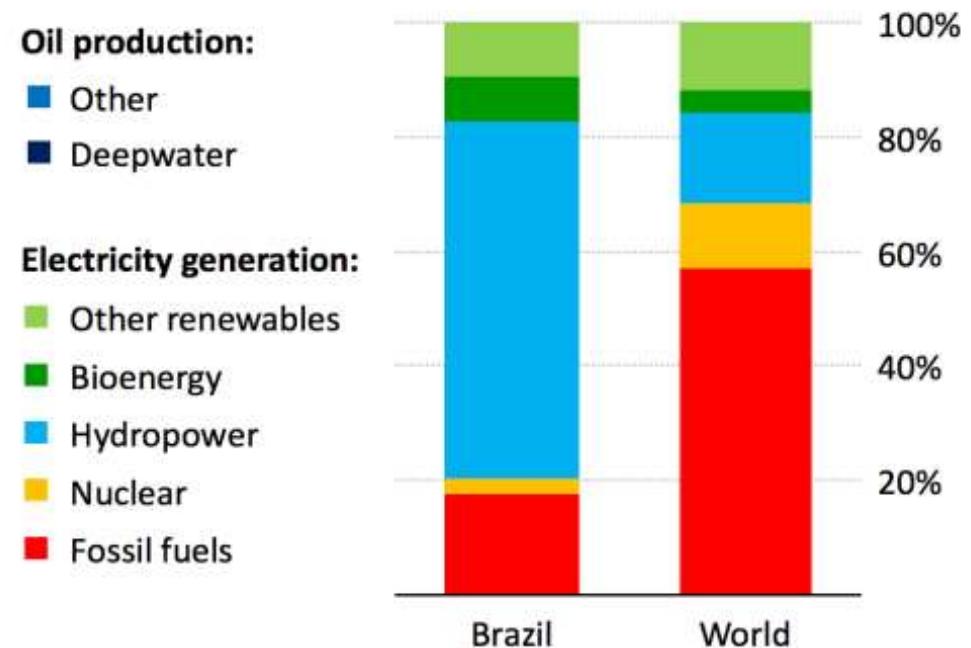
Redução de 75% em florestas, crescimento em energia e agricultura

Brazil's dilemma: deep-sea oil or renewables?

Brazil oil production



Electricity mix by fuel, 2035

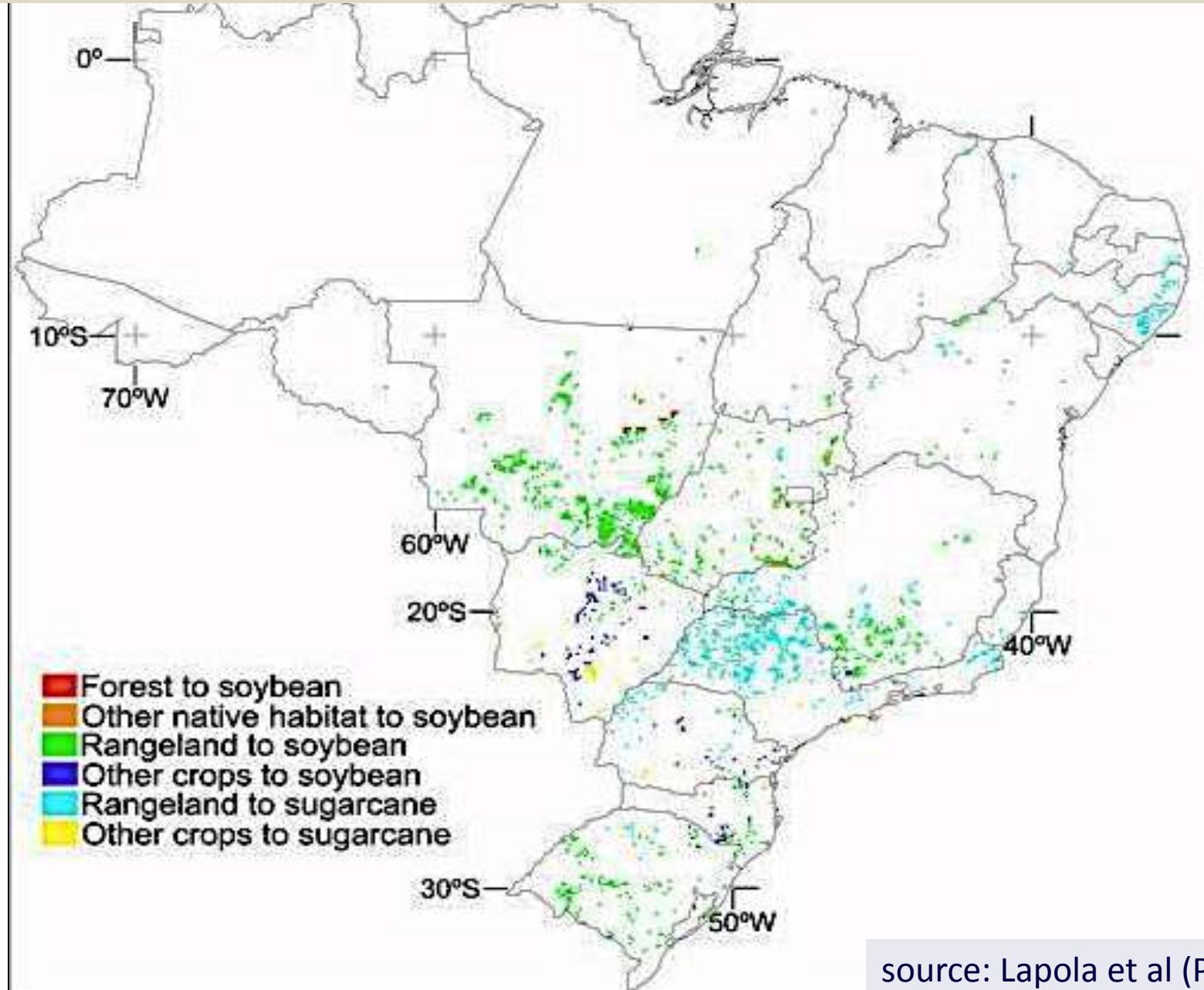


Complex deepwater projects see Brazil joining the top ranks of global oil producers, while the domestic power mix remains one of the least carbon-intensive in the world

Brazil: Do biofuels cause indirect land change?

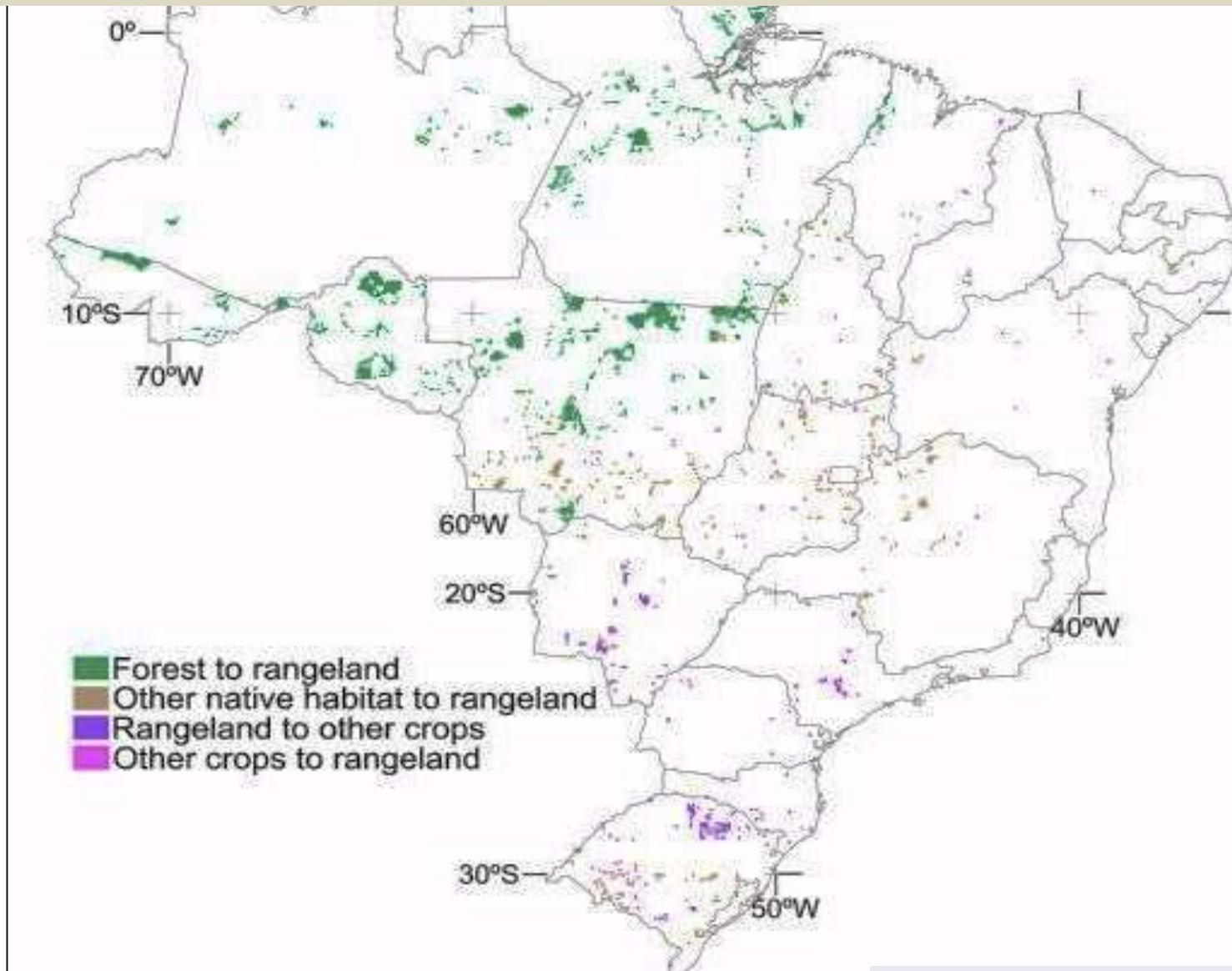


Brazil: Projected direct land change from biofuels (2020)



source: Lapola et al (PNAS, 2010)

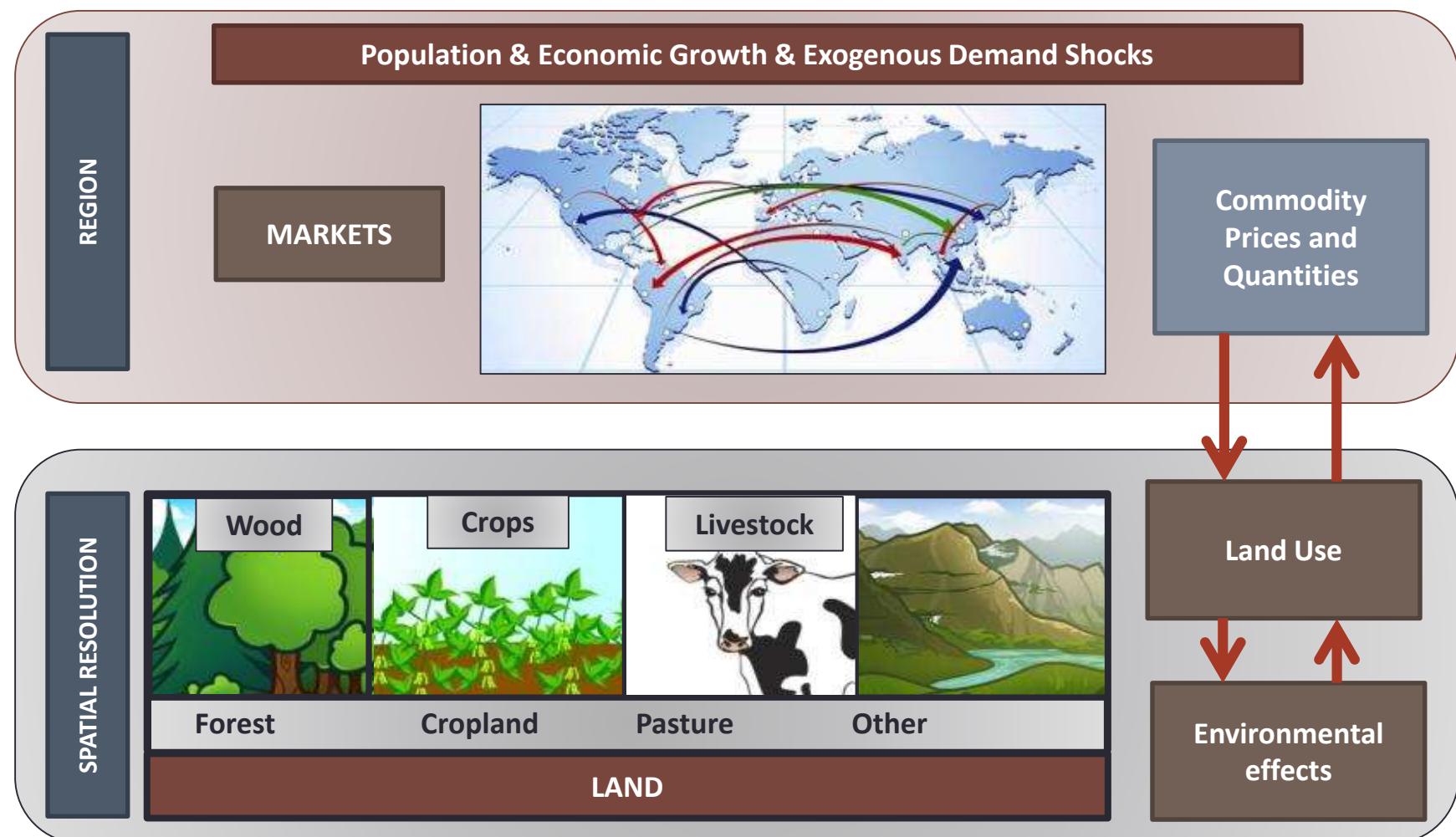
Brazil: Projected indirect land change from biofuels (2020)



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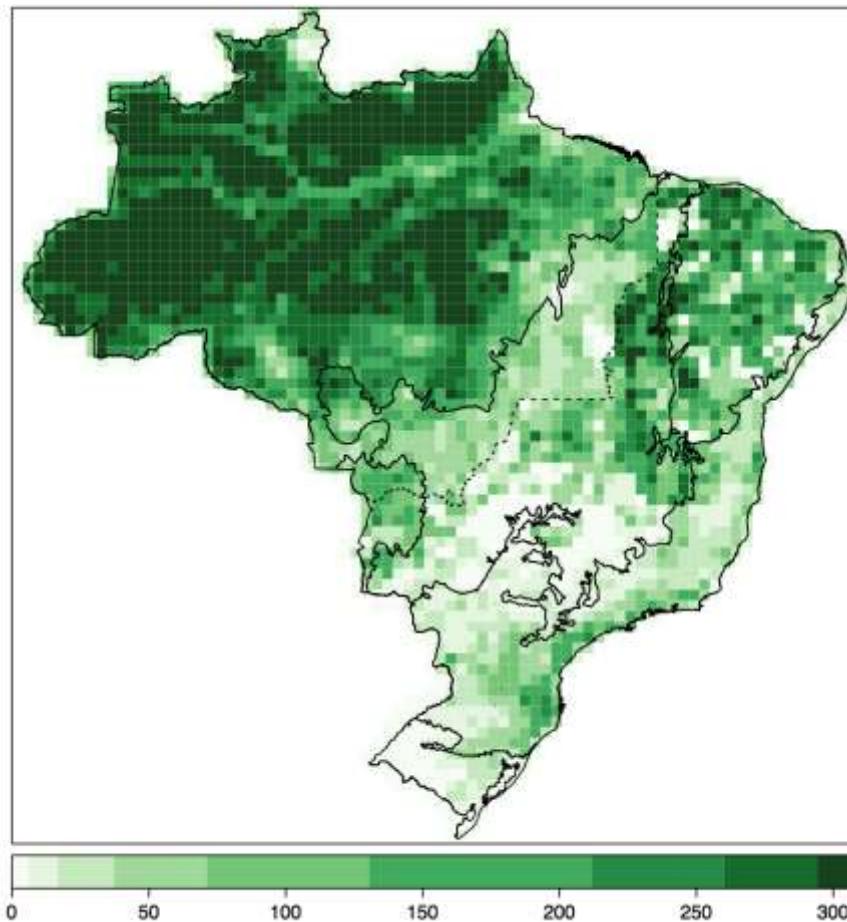
GLOBIOM: Global Biosphere Management Model

Partial equilibrium model: Agriculture, Forestry and Bioenergy sectors

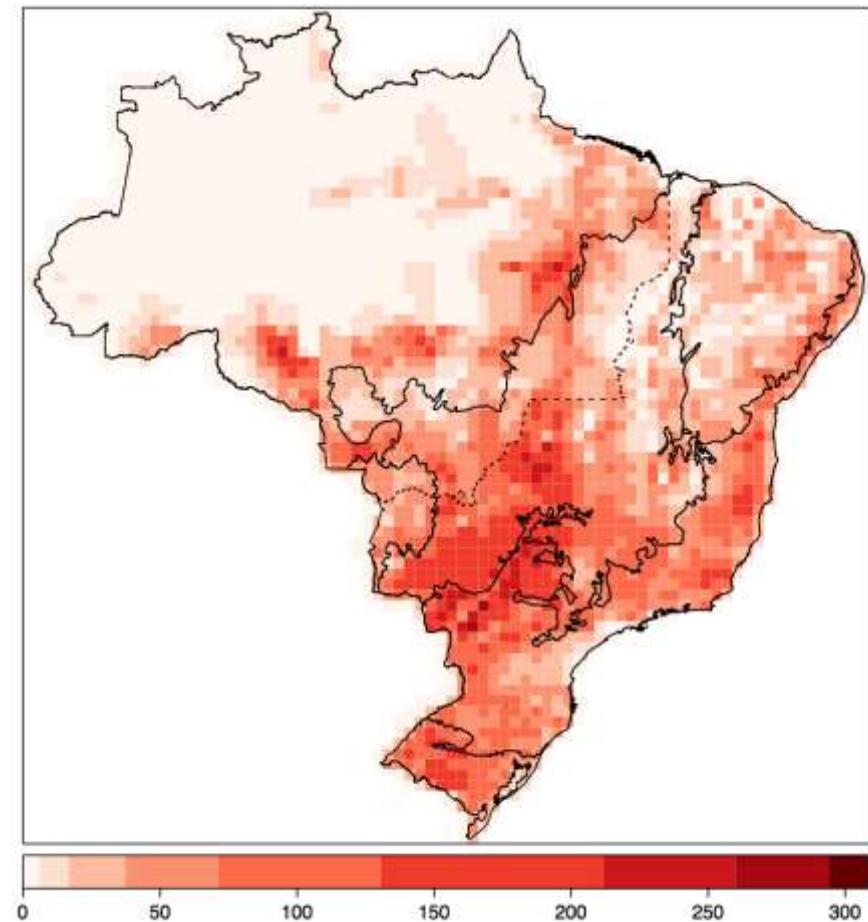


source: IIASA

Base maps for GLOBIOM-Brazil

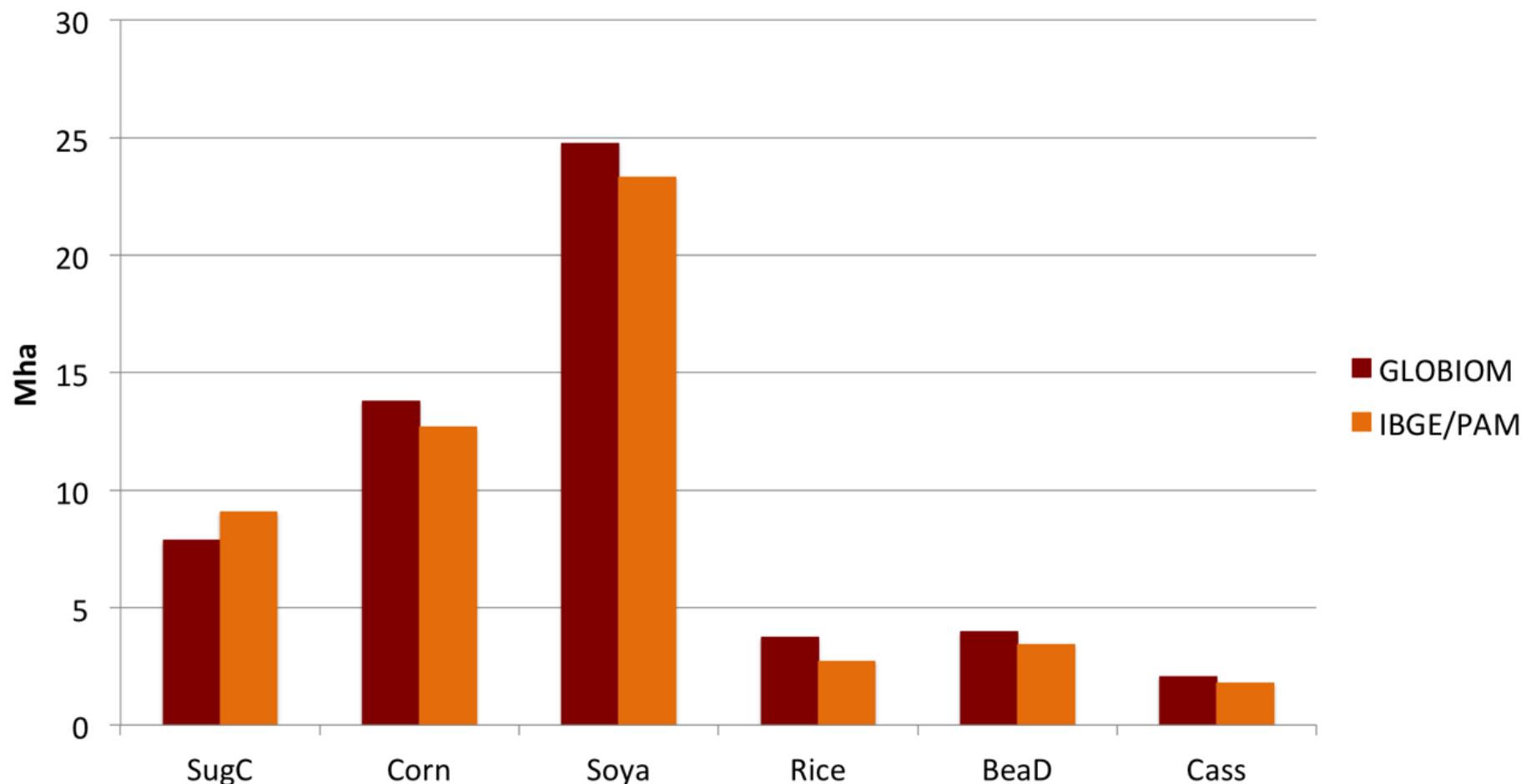


Forest 2000

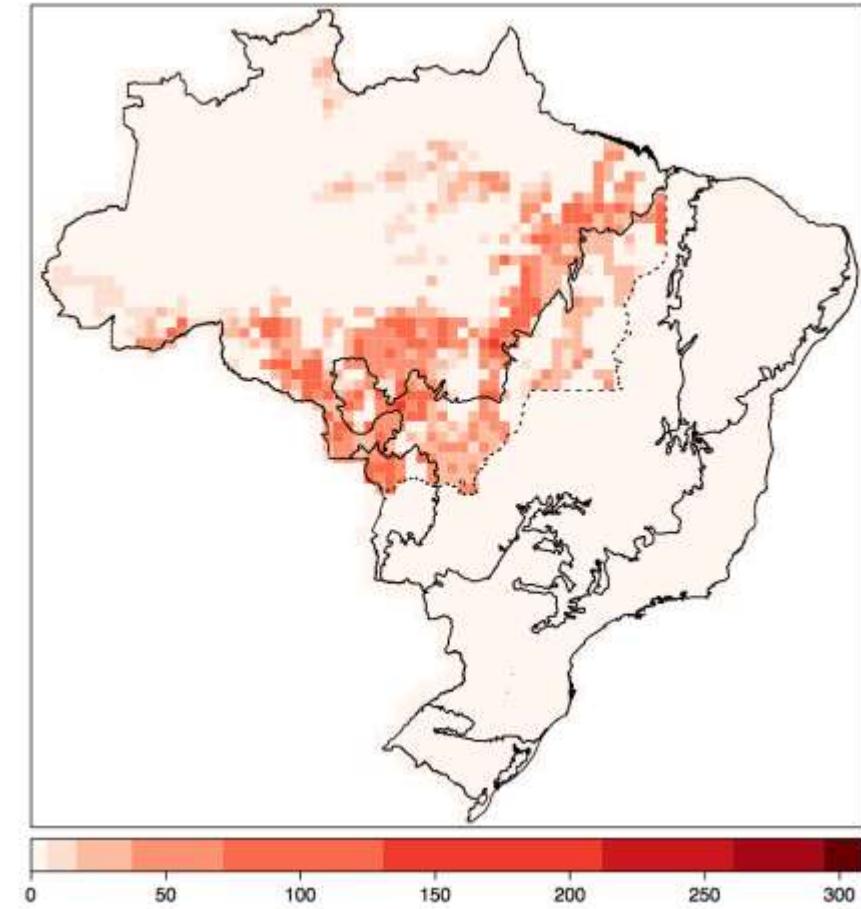
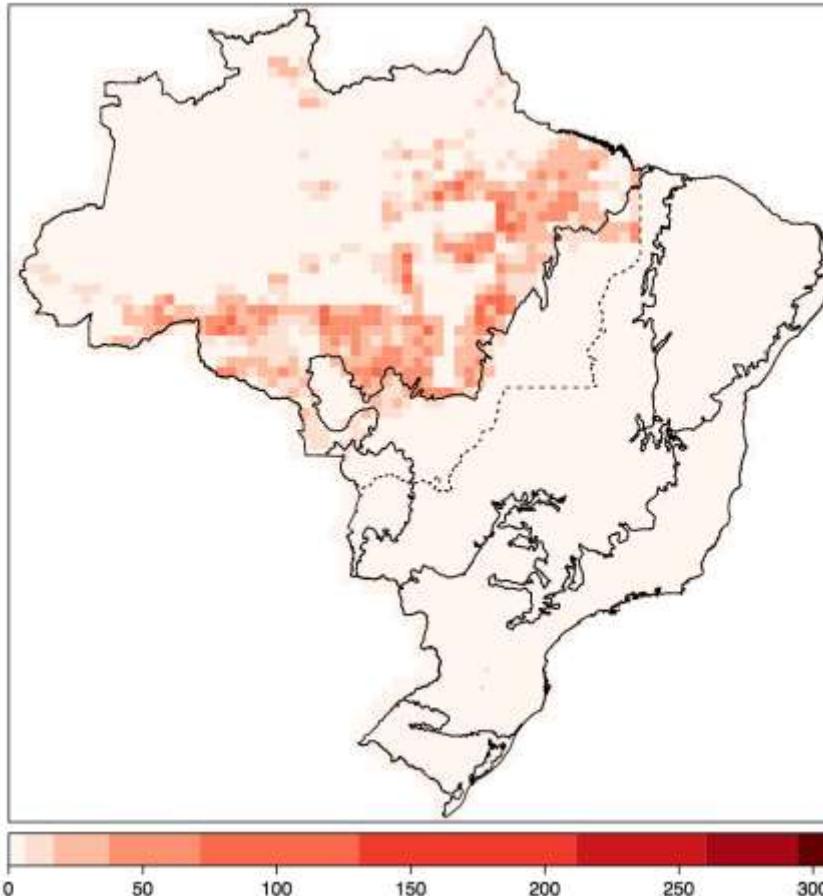


Livestock 2000

Validation: GLOBIOM x IBGE for 2010



Validation: deforestation in Amazonia 2000-2010



Scenarios for land use policies

**BAU
BUSINESS AS
USUAL**

Extrapolation
of 2000-2010
trends

No forest
regrowth

Mata
Atlântica Law
enforced

**FC
Forest Code**

No illegal
deforestation

Legal reserve
recovery

CRA + SFA

Mata Atlântica
Law enforced

**FC
CRA in
croplands**

Forest Code
rules +
Use of CRA
by crop
farmers only

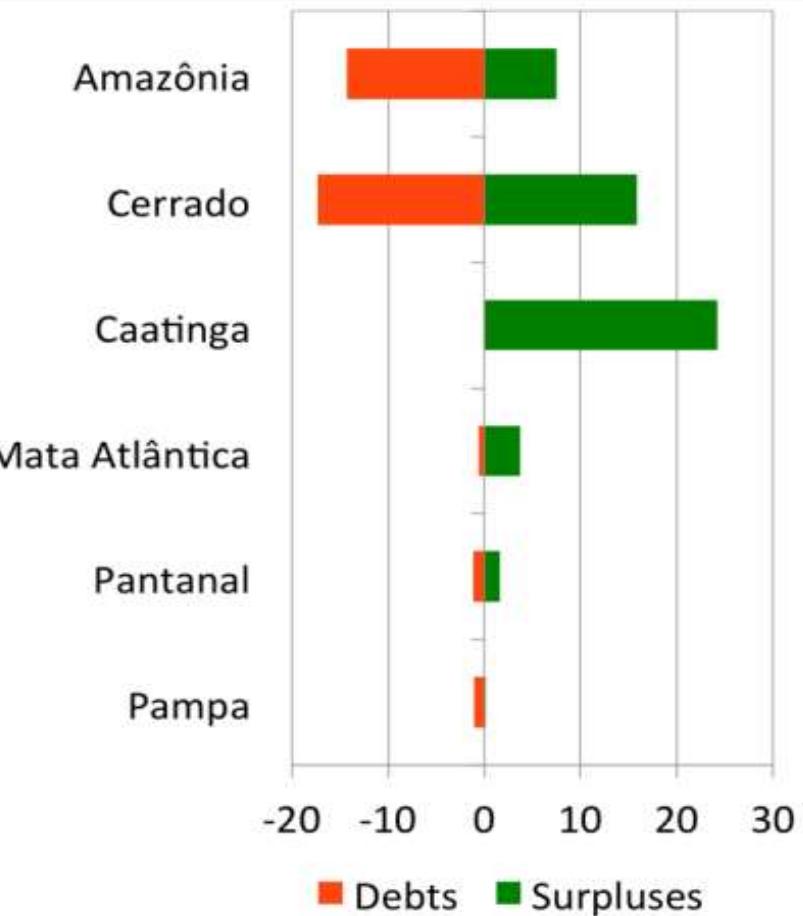
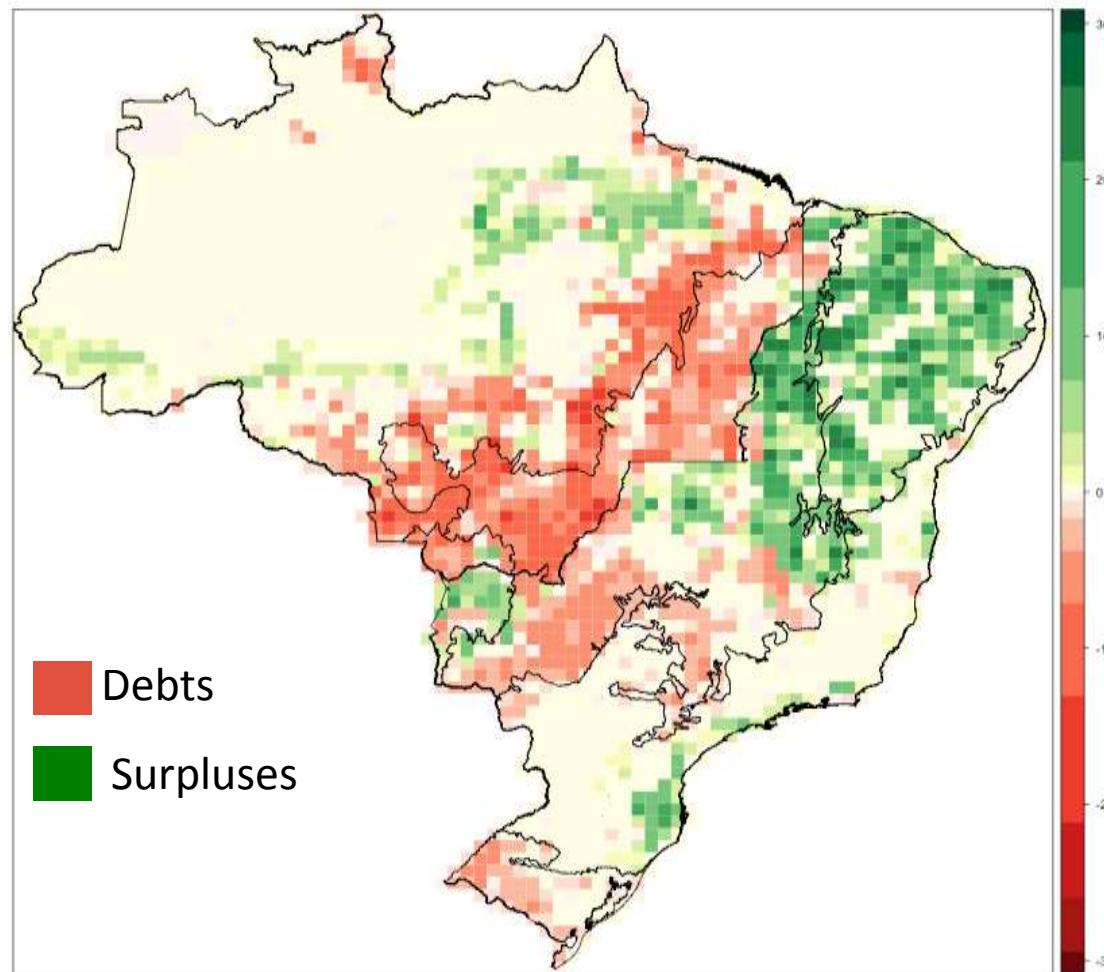
**FC
without SFA**

Forest Code
rules +
Legal reserve
recovery in
small farms

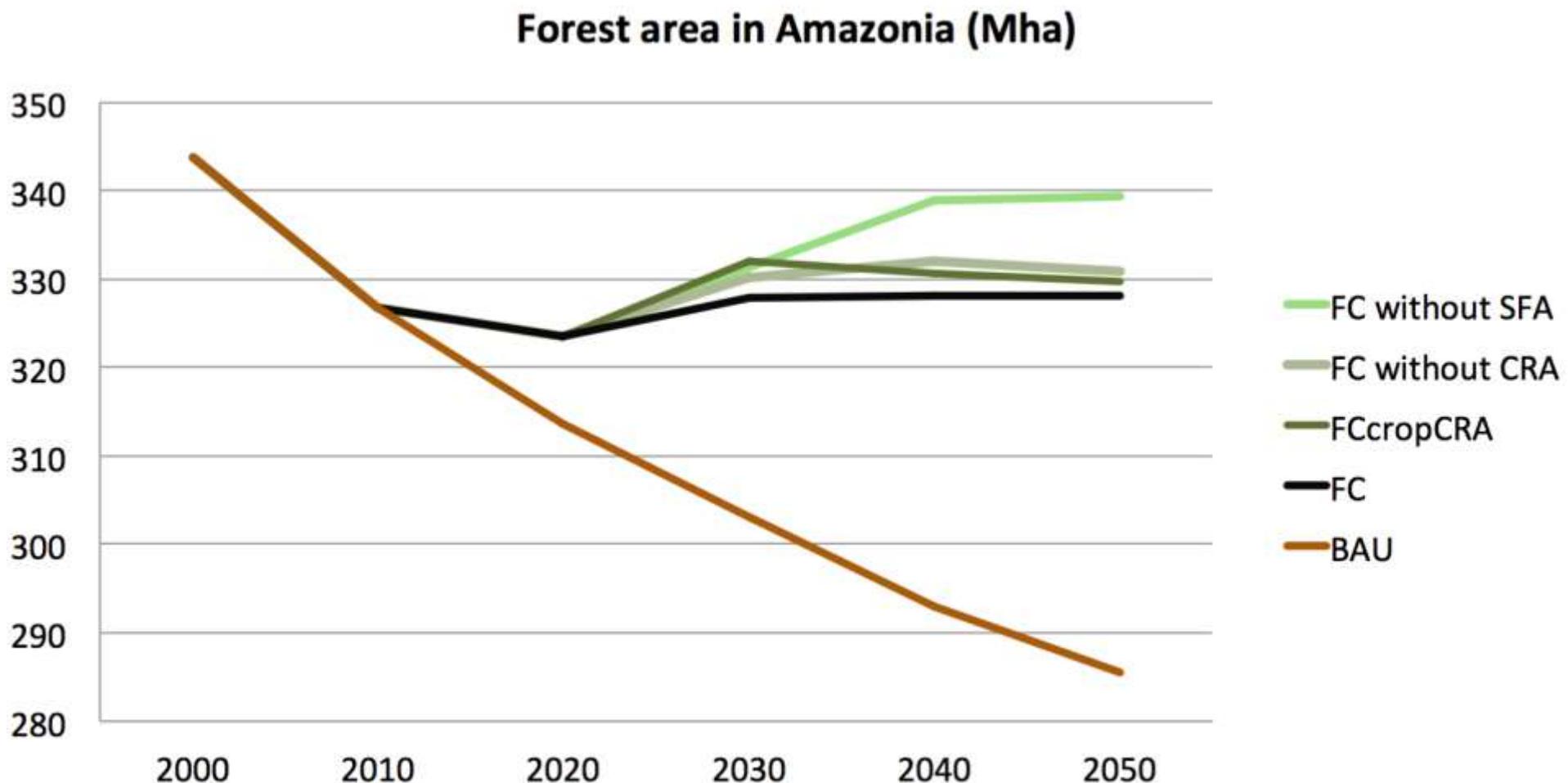
**FC
without CRA**

Forest Code
rules –
Environment
reserve
quotas

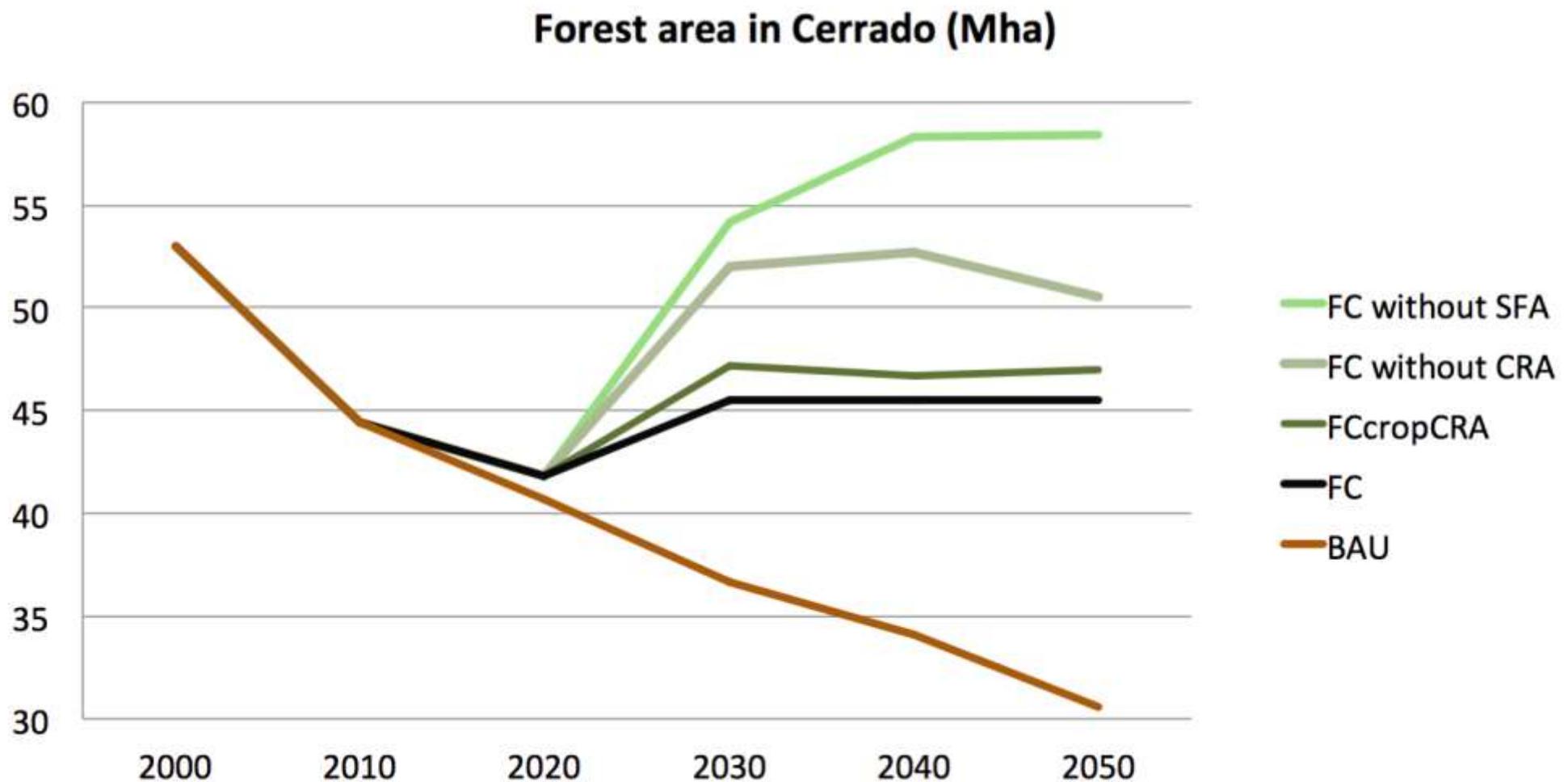
Environmental Debts and Surpluses (2010)



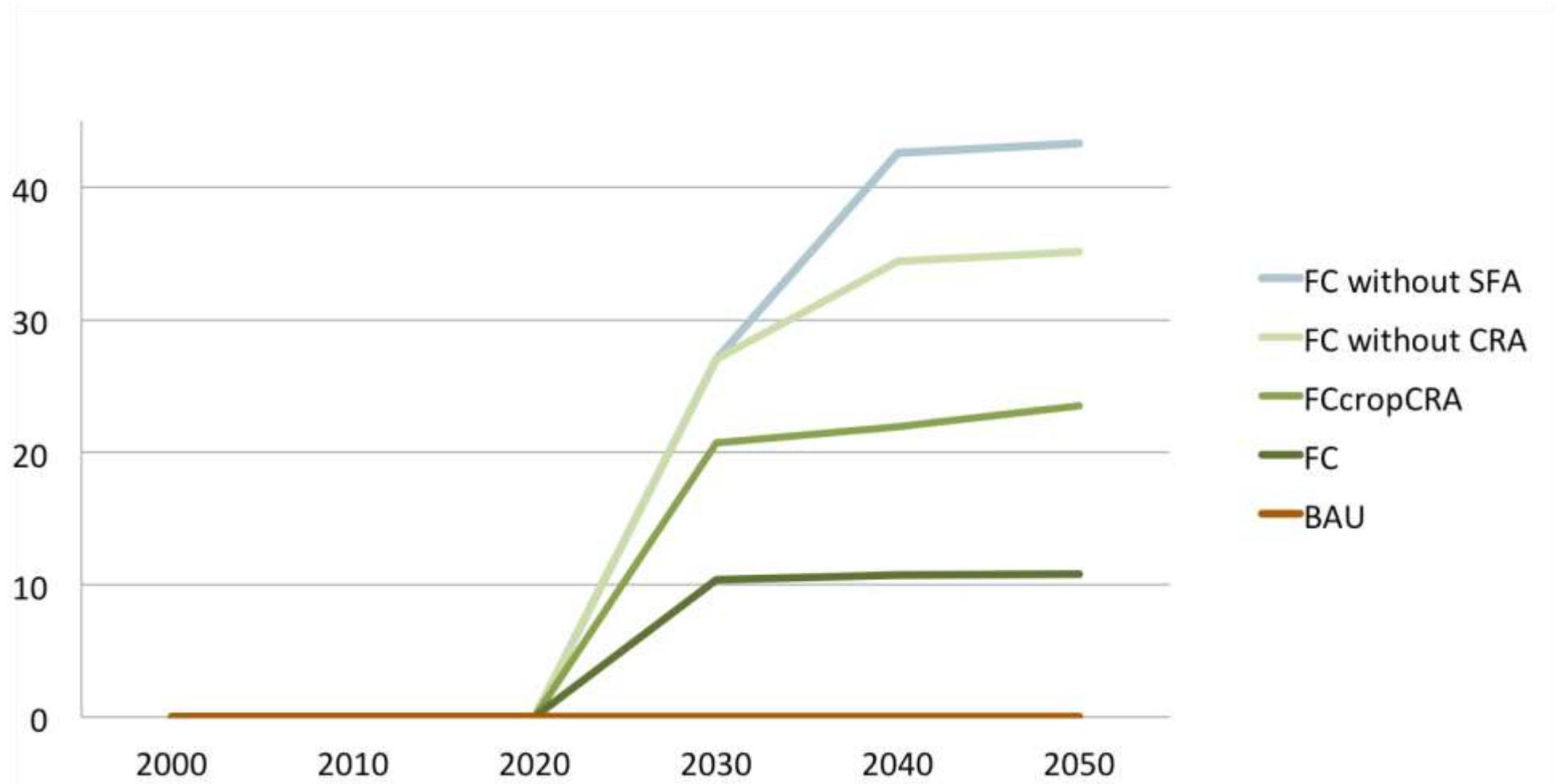
Projections for total forest in Amazonia



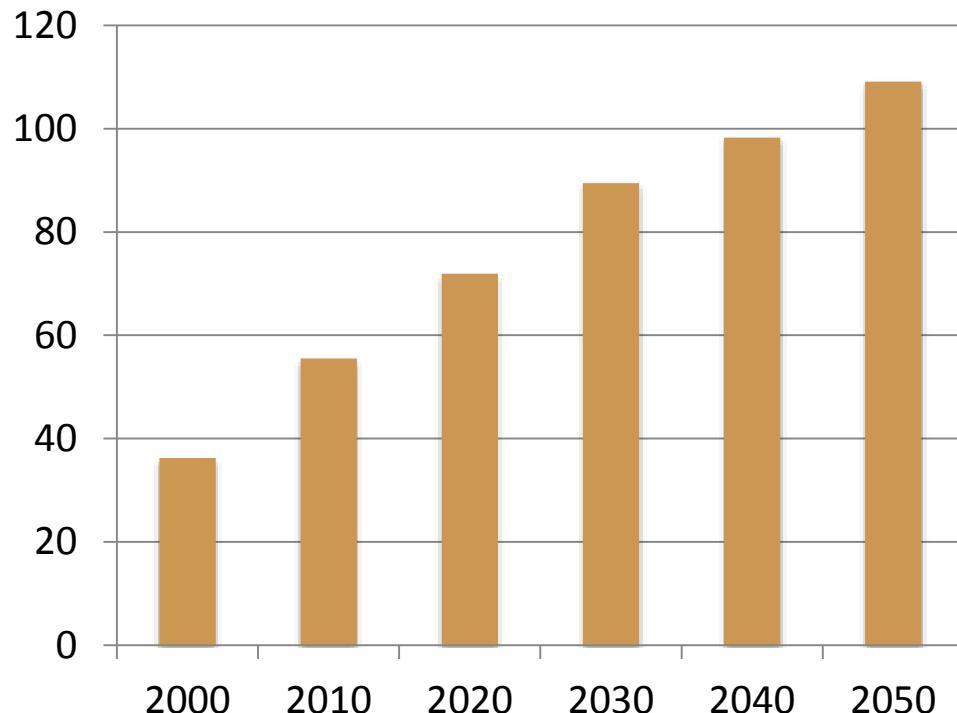
Projections for total forest in Cerrado



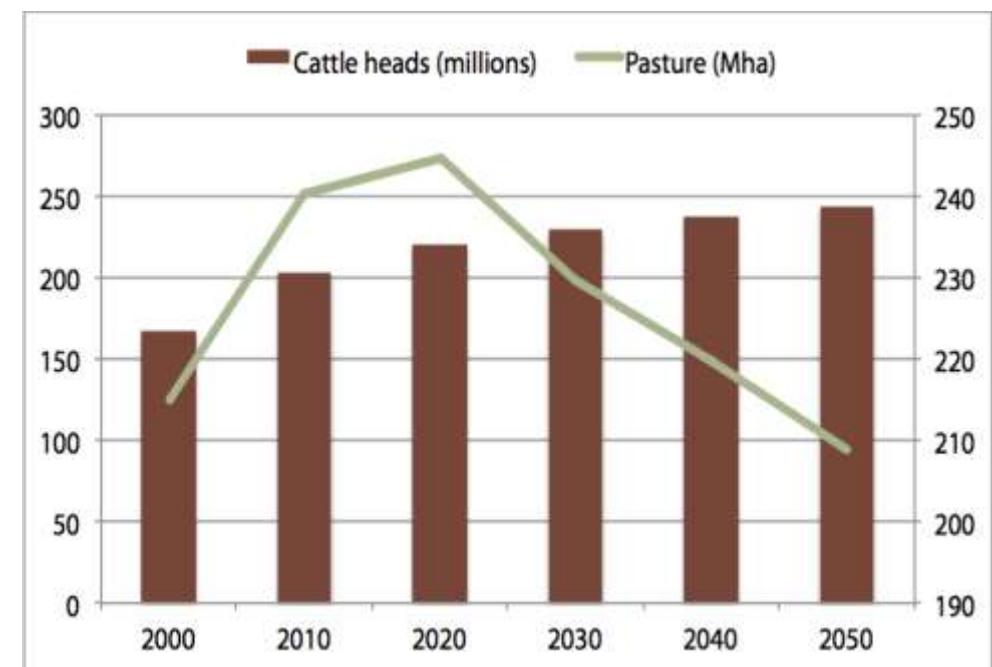
Projections for forest regrowth



Crop production grows, grassland decreases



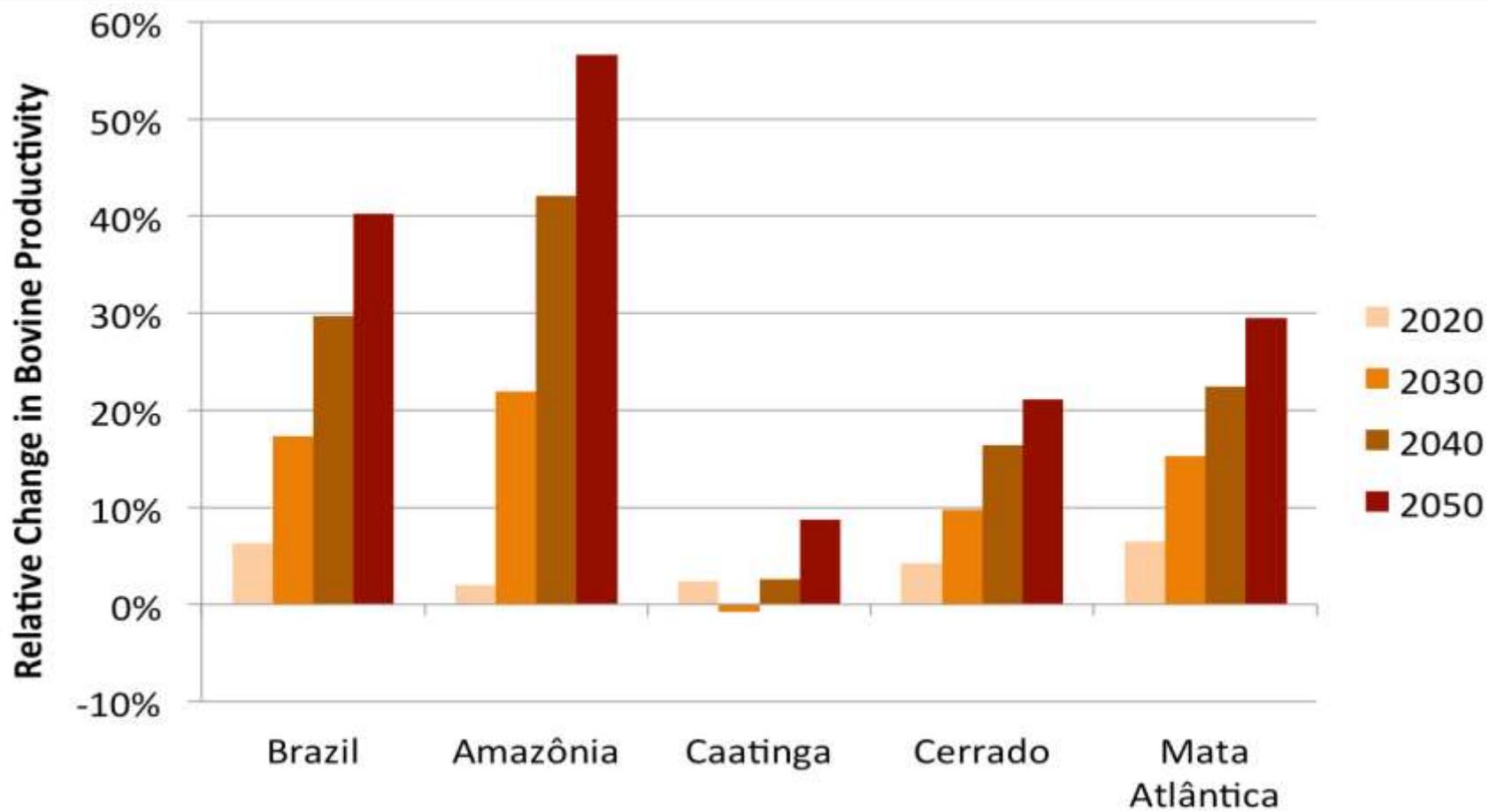
Croplands (Mha)



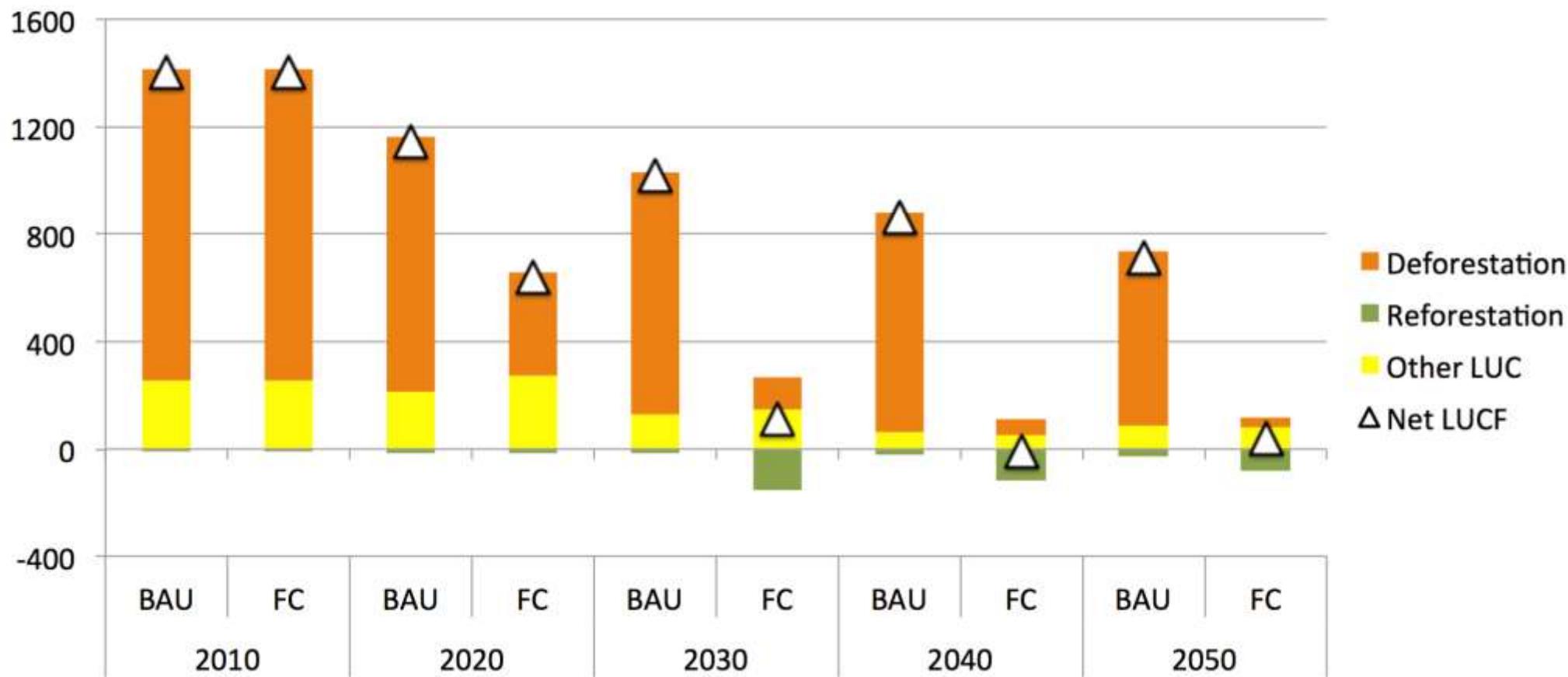
Cattle and pasture (heads and Mha)

Projections of GLOBIOM-Brasil model

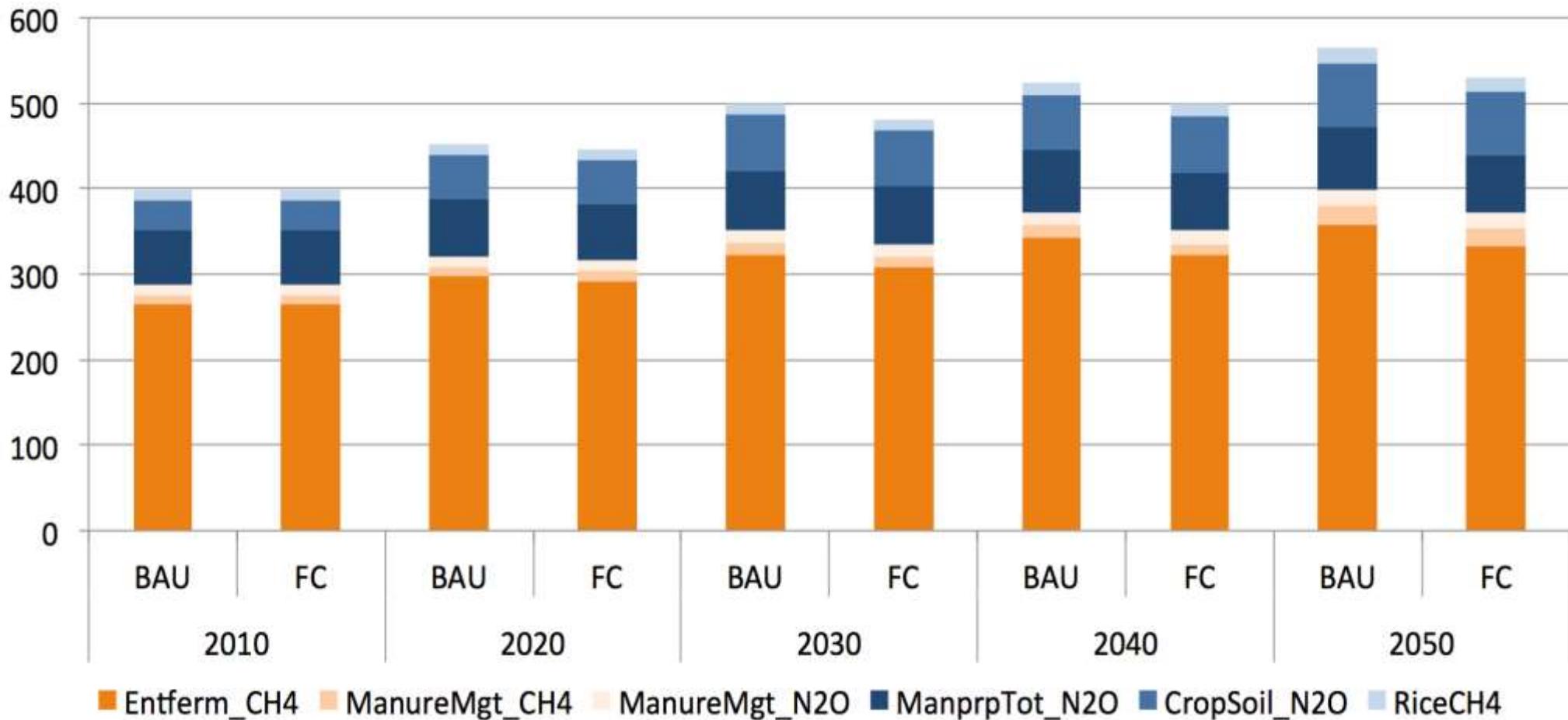
Relative change in bovine productivity



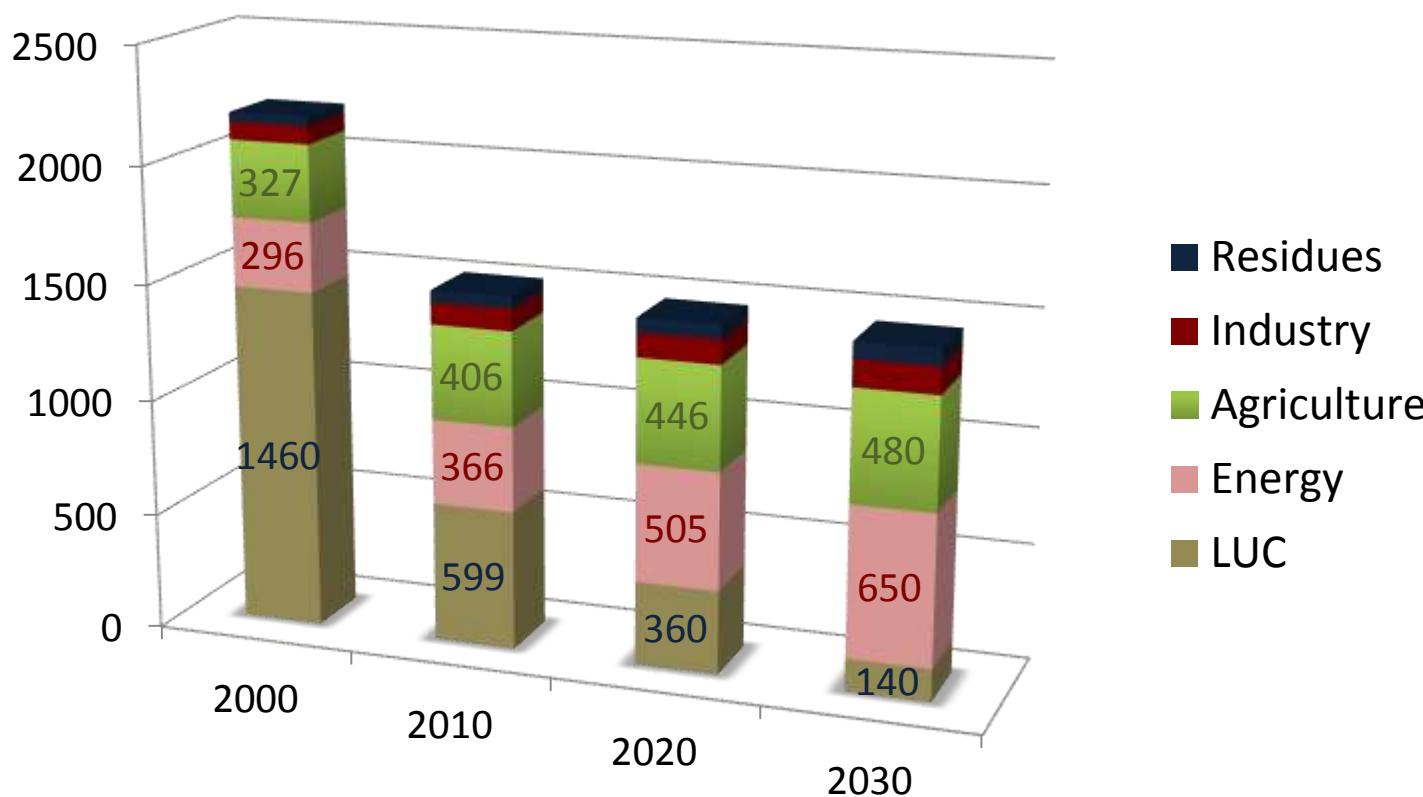
Brazil's new Forest Code: *zero net emissions from deforestation after 2030*



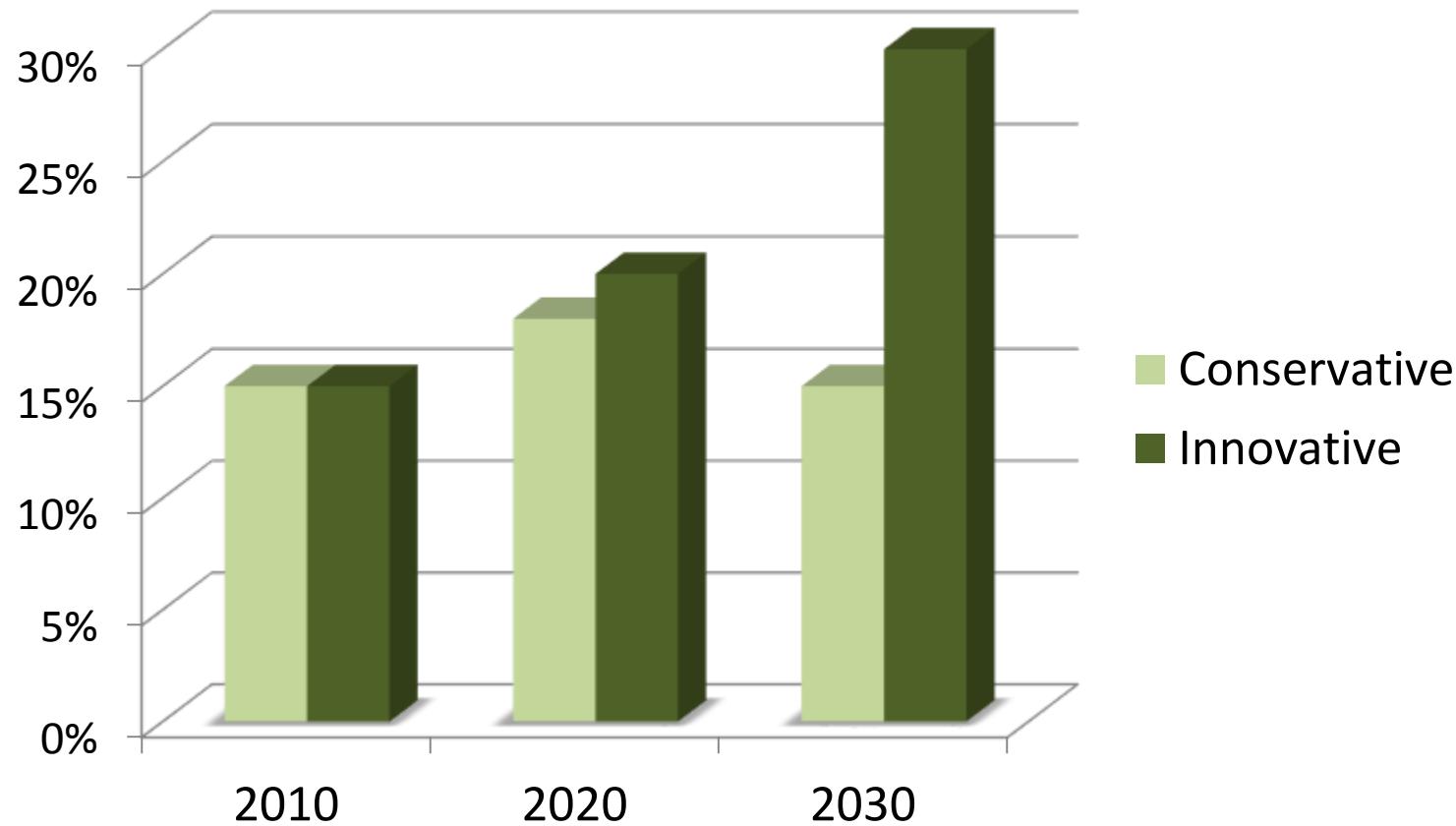
Projections of GLOBIOM-Brasil model
(BAU = “business as usual”, FC = Forest Code)

Brazil's emissions from crops and cattle

Energy policy is crucial for our future emissions



Innovation + policies = low carbon economy



With the right carbon tax, biofuels can be 30% of energy matrix