

Brazilian Initiative on Precision Medicine

Benilton Carvalho, Ph.D.

Dept. Statistics – UNICAMP

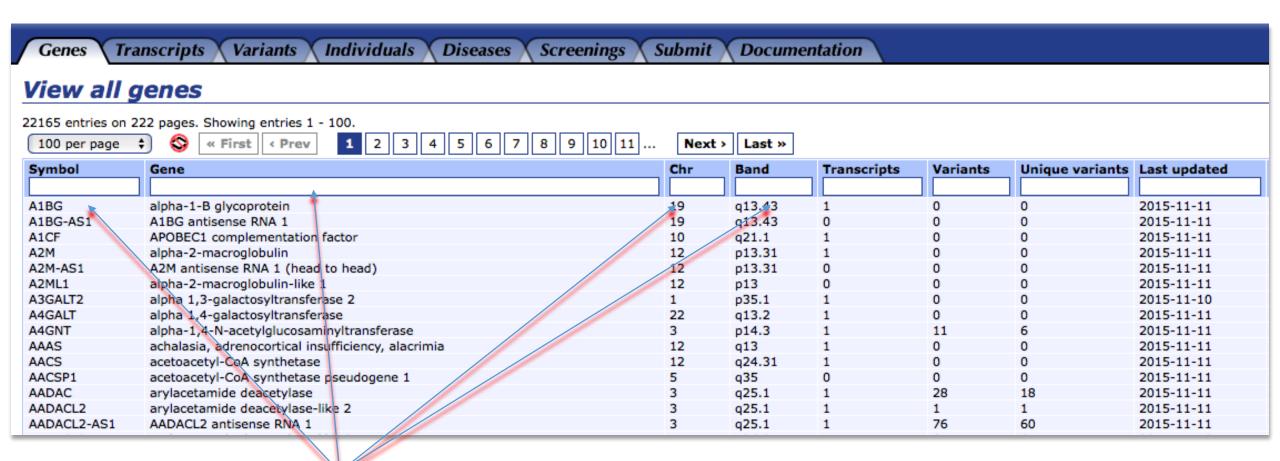




Database infra-structure

- Based on a solid platform (LOVD v3.x), which catalogs:
 - Variants;
 - Transcripts;
 - Genes;
 - Subjects;
 - Diseases;
- Privacy-aware: users can't access identifiable information;
- Different levels of access to information (open, controlled);
- Isolated computational infra-structure;
- Infra-structure mirrored through partners (USP);

Visite: bipmed.iqm.unicamp.br



The database

- Current format for assessment of user needs;
- May require changes on the current version;
- Allows for simplified searches to assist on going research;
- Give it a try and let us know what your thoughts are:

http://bipmed.iqm.unicamp.br

Current status

- 29 WES samples;
- Array data waiting to be included;
- Individuals from the reference population;
- We accept patient data;
- We can control data access;

Individuals Transcripts Variants Diseases Screenings Submit Documentation Current system status Current time: Thu, 12 Nov 2015 19:34:29 -0200 Genes (22165) Public variants per gene Linked diseases per gene 1 - 10 variants 1 disease 11% 501 - 1000 variants 5 diseases More than 1000 More than 5 1 - 50 variants None Variant type (DNA level) All public variants (10150641) Unique public variants (27758) Deletions complex Indels Deletions Duplications Indels Insertions Duplications Substitutions Insertions Substitutions

Substitutions

Substitutions

The Beacon

- Genetic mutation sharing platform;
- Proposed by the Global Alliance for Genomics and Health;
- Answers questions of the type:

'do you have information about this mutation?'

• Responds:

'yes or no'

Meant to be accessed from computer programs.

Beacon Interface

- Access it through:
 - http://bipmed.iqm.unicamp.br/beacon
- Needs: Chromosome, Position, Allele;
- Returns: yes/no;
- Computer programs can ask questions too;



BIPMed Beacon

This beacon provides data on individuals from the reference population.

Chromosome:

Submit

1	≜
Position:	
14463	
Allele:	
TI	

Programmatic Access to the BIPMed Beacon

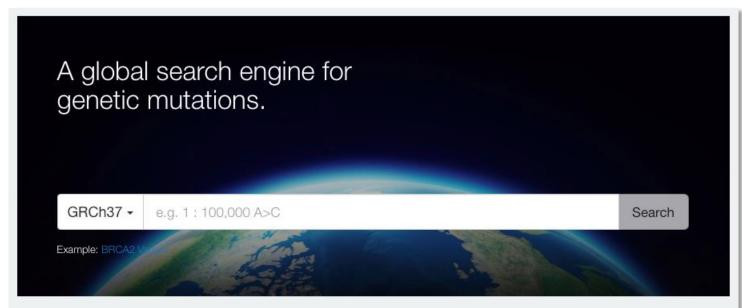
http://bipmed.iqm.unicamp.br/cgi-bin/beacon/query?
chromosome=1&position=14463&alternateBases=T&format=text

- Beacon will respond: true, false;
- Computer programs can ask several questions like this;
- Resulting information can be used to feed analyses;

Beacon Network

https://www.beacon-network.org

- 52 beacons around the world:
 - EMBL/EBI;
 - HapMap;
 - Broad Institute;
 - Ontario Institute for Cancer Research;
 - Wellcome Trust Sanger Institute
- BIPMed is the first Brazilian and first Latin-American beacon.



What's a Beacon?

Beacon is a genetic mutation sharing platform developed by the Global Alliance for Genomics and Health. A beacon is web service that any institution can implement to share genetic data. A beacon answers questions of the form "Do you have information about the following mutation?" and responds with one of "Yes" or "No", among potentially more information.

A site offering this service is called a "beacon". This open web service is designed both to be technically simple while providing data generators options for distributing data through proportional safeguards.

The Beacon Network

The Beacon Network is a search engine across the world's public beacons. It enables global discovery of genetic mutations, federated

Recent News

Beacon Project Cracks the Door for Genomic Data Sharing

BioIT World, August 14, 2015

Beacons for Data Sharing

BioTechniques, August 12, 2015

Lighting beacons for data access in genomic research

EMBL-EBI, June 15, 2015

10 Breakthrough Technologies: Internet of DNA

MIT Technology Review, February 18, 2015

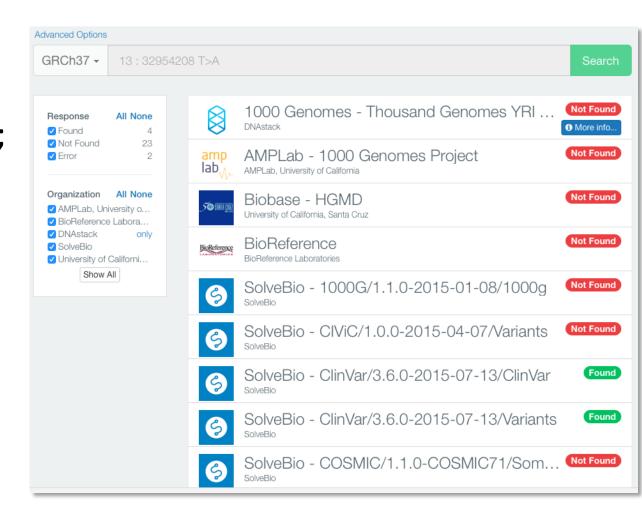
Geneticists Begin Tests of an Internet for DNA

MIT Technology Review, December 17, 2014

Global Alliance for Conomics & Health | Torms of Lea | Email He | Mailing List | # @RacconOfRescons

Beacon Network

- Asks questions to several beacons;
- Reports the answer to the user;
- Joint effort to share knowledge on genomic variation;
- Answers are subsettable;



Safety Mechanism

- To avoid abuse (e.g., computer program asking questions several times, hoping to identify individuals), safety measures are implemented;
- For every request, the beacon contacts our Bottleneck Server;
- The server adds 150msec per extra request made from same IP;
- After every second without request, timer is reduced by 10msec;
- If timer gets to 10s, response gets delayed by this timer;
- If timer gets to 20s, beacon blocks the IP, until timer gets to lower than 20s;

Try and Let Us Know!!

http://bipmed.iqm.unicamp.br

https://bipmed.iqm.unicamp.br/beacon

bipmed@bipmed.iqm.unicamp.br